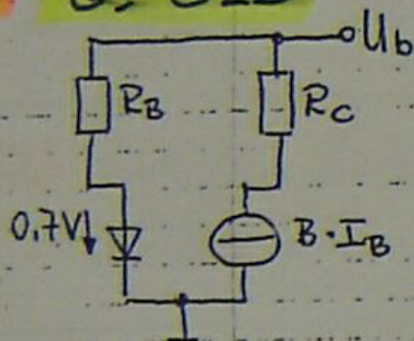


Lösung der Testklausur WS 2004/2005

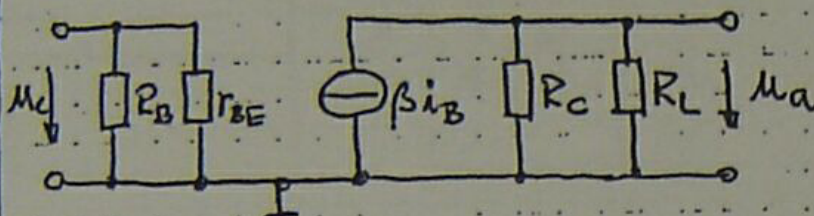
Aufgabe 1

1.1 Emitterschaltung

1.2 G. GEB



1.3 K. WEB



$$1.4 \quad R_B \geq \frac{U_b - 0.7V}{I_{Bmax}} = \frac{23.3V}{20\mu A} = 1.165 M\Omega \xrightarrow{E24} R_B = 1.2 M\Omega$$

$$I_B = \frac{U_b - 0.7V}{R_B} = 19.4 \mu A$$

1.5

$$I_{C,A} = B \cdot I_B = 400 \cdot 19.4 \mu A = 7.76 mA$$

$$S = \frac{I_{C,A}}{U_T} = \frac{7.76 mA}{26 mV} = 298 mS$$

$$R_C = \frac{U_b - U_{CE}}{I_{C,A}} = \frac{12V}{7.76 mA} = 1.546 k\Omega \xrightarrow{E24} \begin{matrix} 1.5 k\Omega \\ 1.6 k\Omega \end{matrix}$$

$$U_{CE,A} = U_b - R_C \cdot I_C = \begin{matrix} \rightarrow 24V - 11.64V = 12.36V \\ \rightarrow 24V - 12.41V = 11.59V \end{matrix}$$

1.6

$$r_e = R_B \parallel r_{BE} \approx r_{BE} = \frac{\beta}{S} = \frac{400}{298 mS} = 1.34 k\Omega$$

$$A = -S (R_C \parallel R_L) = -298 mS \cdot 750 \Omega = -223.5$$

Aufgabe 2:

2.1 $r_e \rightarrow \infty$, $r_a \rightarrow 0$, $A \rightarrow \infty$, $I_{\text{offset}} = 0$, $U_{\text{offset}} = 0$

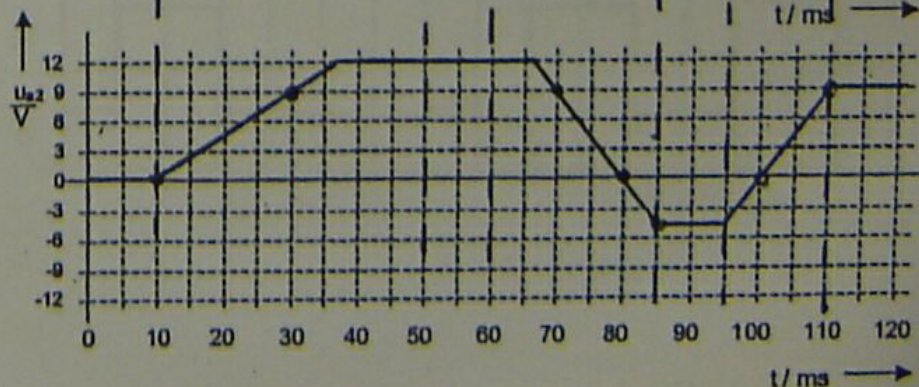
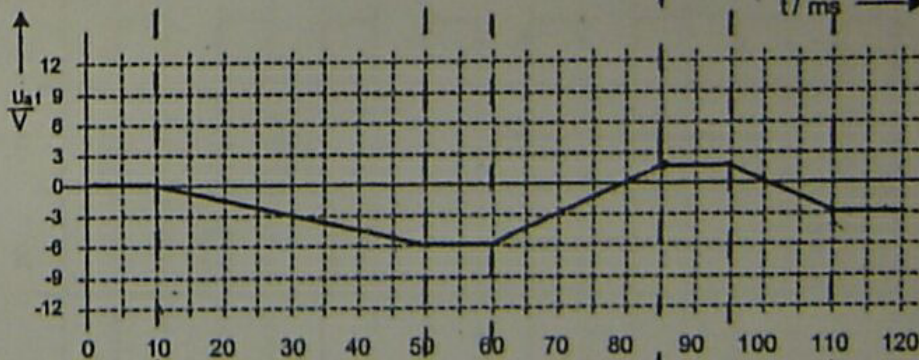
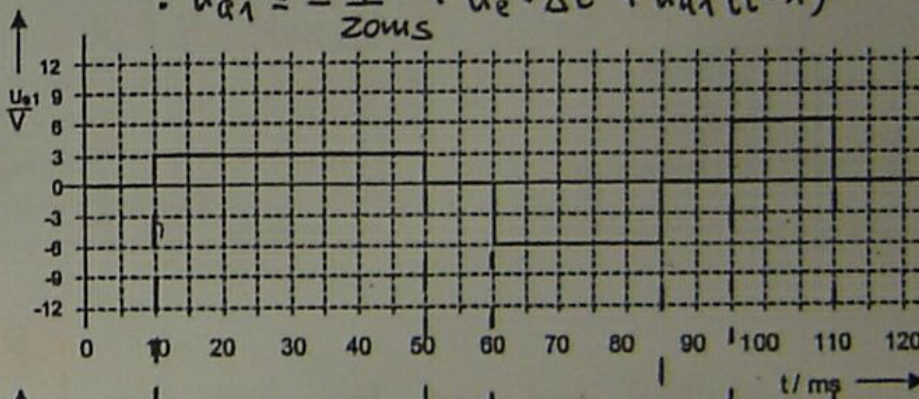
2.2 OP1: invertierender Integrator
OP2: invertierender Verstärker

2.3 $U_{a1} = -\frac{1}{R_1 C} \cdot \int_0^t u_e(t) dt$ mit $\frac{1}{R_1 C} = \frac{1}{20 \text{ ms}}$

$$U_{a2} = -\frac{R_3}{R_2} U_{a1} = -3 U_{a1}$$

2.4 Zeit in Bereiche zerlegen

$$! U_{a1} = -\frac{1}{20 \text{ ms}} \cdot u_e \cdot \Delta t + U_{a1}(t-1)$$

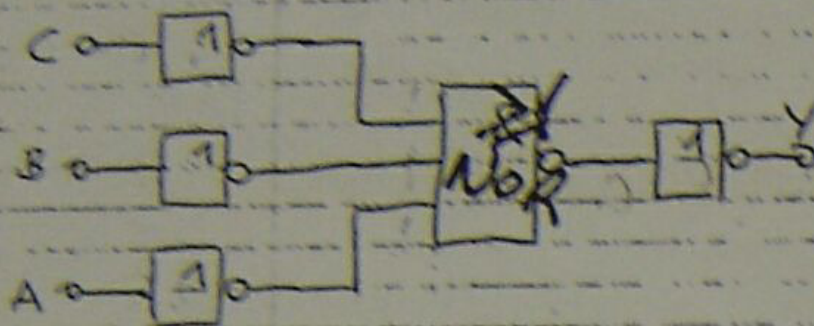


t	U_{a1}
0...50ms	$-\frac{1}{20 \text{ ms}} \cdot 3 \text{ V} \cdot 40 \text{ ms} = -6 \text{ V}$
50...60ms	$0 + U_{a1}(50 \text{ ms}) = -6 \text{ V}$
60...85ms	$7.5 \text{ V} - 6 \text{ V} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
85...95ms	$0 + U_{a1}(85 \text{ ms}) = 1.5 \text{ V}$
95...110ms	$-4.5 \text{ V} + 1.5 \text{ V} = -3 \text{ V}$
110...	$0 + U_{a1}(110) = -3 \text{ V}$

$$U_{a2} = -3 \cdot U_{a1}$$

Aufgabe 3

3.1



3.2

A	B	C	Y
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

3.3 NAND NAND
NOR

Aufgabe 5

5.1

I_1	I_2	I_3	I_4	I_5	I_6	I_7	I_8
$\frac{I}{2}$	$\frac{I}{4}$	$\frac{I}{8}$	$\frac{I}{16}$	$\frac{I}{32}$	$\frac{I}{64}$	$\frac{I}{128}$	$\frac{I}{256}$

5.2

$$D = 165$$

$$U_A = -2 \cdot \frac{U_{ref}}{256} \cdot D = -2 \cdot \frac{5,12V}{256} \cdot 165 = -6,6V$$

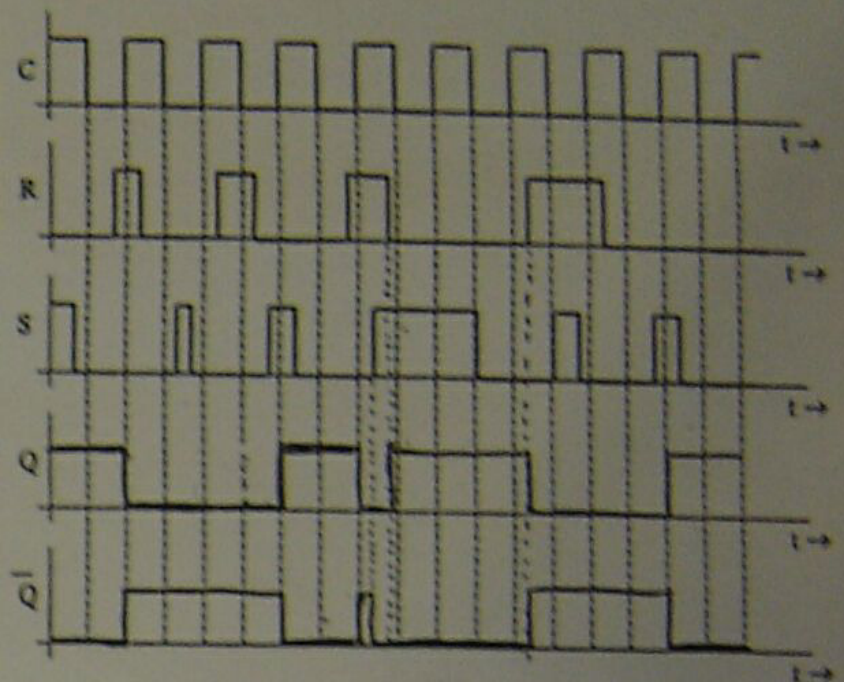
$$2R \left(\frac{U_{ref}}{20R} \right)$$

Aufgabe 4:

4.1

C	R	S	Q	$\bar{Q}$
0	x	x	Q_{-1}	$\bar{Q}_{-1}$
1	0	0	Q_{-1}	$\bar{Q}_{-1}$
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	0

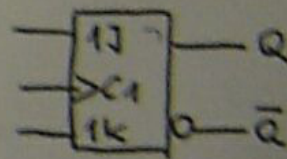
4.2



4.3

C	J	K	Q	$\bar{Q}$
0	x	x	Q_{-1}	$\bar{Q}_{-1}$
1	x	x	Q_{-1}	$\bar{Q}_{-1}$
1	0	0	Q_{-1}	$\bar{Q}_{-1}$
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	$\bar{Q}_{-1}$	Q_{-1}

logisches Symbol:



4.4

