

Tutorial 7

1. The return of the Chromium

On exercise sheet 6 we learned that the experimentally determined value of the magnetic moment of the Cr^{3+} ion is $\mu = 3.8 \mu_B$.

- a) You learned now the reason why this deviates from the value you obtained via Hund's rules ($0.77 \mu_B$). What was it again?
- b) Show that the theory fits the experimental data better when taking into account the mechanism in (a). Why is this assumption legitimate for Cr^{3+} ?
- c) Discuss the term scheme considering the crystal field splitting of Cr^{3+} in tetrahedral and octahedral symmetry. How does this affect its spin state?

2. Spin waves

In the lecture, we discussed /will discuss spin waves as the mechanism that governs the magnetization of ferromagnets at low temperatures. We here want to derive the dispersion relation of 1D spin waves in a semiclassical approach.

- a) Show that the equation of motion of a 1D spin wave can be written as

$$\frac{d\mathbf{S}_j}{dt} = -\frac{g\mu_B}{\hbar} (\mathbf{S}_j \times \mathbf{B}_{\text{ext}}) + \frac{J_A}{\hbar^2} [\mathbf{S}_j \times (\mathbf{S}_{j-1} + \mathbf{S}_{j+1})]$$

(Hint: use a mean field approach with an effective field $B_{\text{eff}} = B_{\text{ext}} + B_{A,i}$ and an exchange field $B_{A,i} = -\frac{J_A}{g\mu_B\hbar} \sum_{i=1}^N (\mathbf{S}_{j-1} + \mathbf{S}_{j+1})$)

- b) Now, linearize the equation by assuming $|\mathbf{S}_{i,x}|, |\mathbf{S}_{i,y}| \ll |\mathbf{S}_{i,z}|$ and $\mathbf{B}_{\text{ext}} \parallel \hat{\mathbf{z}}$ (\rightarrow neglect terms quadratic in $|\mathbf{S}_{i,x}|, |\mathbf{S}_{i,y}|$ and assume $|\mathbf{S}_{i,z}| \sim S$).
- c) Solve the linearized equation by a plane wave ansatz of the form

$$\begin{aligned} S_{i,x} &= S_x \exp(i[qia - \omega t]) \\ S_{i,y} &= S_y \exp(i[qia - \omega t]) \end{aligned}$$

Here, a is the lattice constant and ω the Larmor frequency. Solve for $\hbar\omega$

discussion date: February 8th

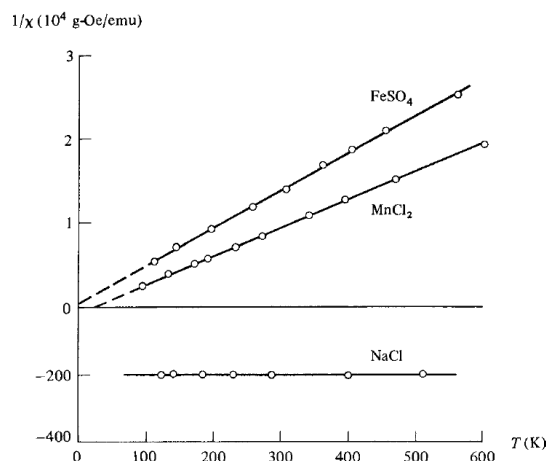
- d) Plot $\hbar\omega$ as a function of q in the case of $B_{\text{ext}} = 0$.
- e) What is the relation between S_x and S_y ? What physical picture is connected with that?
- f) The dispersion relation of an antiferromagnet is given by

$$\hbar\omega = \frac{2J_A S}{\hbar} |\sin qa|$$

Add this to the plotted result for the ferromagnet. What do they have in common? What is different?

3. Magnetic Susceptibility

- a) The figure below shows the magnetic susceptibility of three compounds. Explain the behavior and mention the likely dominating source of magnetism.
- b) For FeSO_4 and MnCl_2 . Assuming equal density, estimate the ratio of effective magnetic moments per Fe/Mn atom (this assumption is not so bad: FeSO_4 : 2,84 g/cm³ and MnCl_2 2.977 g/cm³)
- c) Both FeSO_4 and MnCl_2 show an offset from zero. Explain the reason behind it and the difference that a positive or a negative offset makes.



(Taken from Cullity, Graham: Introduction to Magnetic Materials)

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